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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/575,002	04/06/2006	Robert Albertus Brondijk	NL 031225 8644		
	7590 06/25/200 LLECTUAL PROPER	EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 3001		FAAL, BABOUCARR			
BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2189		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/25/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Applicati	Application No. Applicant(s)					
		10/575,0	02	BRONDIJK, ROBERT ALBERTUS				
		Examine	r	Art Unit				
		BABOUC	ARR FAAL	2189				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>4/06/2006</i> .						
·	•	2b)⊠ This action is r	non-final.					
′=	Since this application is in condition	<i>'</i> —		secution as to the	merits is			
<i>′</i> —	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the	application						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
- '=	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 11-14</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) <u>9,10 and 15-25</u> is/are obje							
· —	Claim(s) are subject to restri		requirement.					
·	on Papers		•					
•	The specification is objected to by the		or b) Dabiastad ta by t	ho Evaminar				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>4/06/2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
		• , ,	•	* *	(D 1 101/d)			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
·—	<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ul>							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)    Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)   Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)   Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/12/07.   Other:								

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 9/12/07 The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

# Claim Objections

1. Claims 8 and 10 objected to because of the following informalities: "the access device" lacks antecedent basis. The examiner interprets the claim to read as: "the medium access device." Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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3. Claims 1-7, 8, 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Admitted Prior Art herein AAPA in view of Tsuchiya JP 2000-285609 (translation) herein Tsuchiya.

- 4. Per claim 1, AAPA discloses: Medium access device (10) capable of writing information in a logical storage space (LSS) of a storage medium (2) which has a physical storage space (3) (pg. 2 lines 6-10 and lines 21-25) comprising two or more layers (L0; L1) of physical storage locations, each storage location (4) having a physical address (PA), (pg. 2 lines 27-28) the logical storage space (LSS) comprising storage locations within a first one (L0) of said layers and within a subsequent one (L1) of said layers, the storage locations in said logical storage space (LSS) having contiguously numbered logical addresses (LA); (pg. 2 lines 27-31) the medium access device (10) having an address limit memory (12) containing at least a value for a parameter LAmax indicating the maximum value of the logical addresses (LA) of the storage locations (4) in the said first storage layer (L0); (pg. 4 lines 1-3)
- 5. AAPA does not specifically discloses: the medium access device (10) being capable of changing the value in said address limit memory (12)
- 6. However, Tsuchiya in an analogous art discloses: the medium access device

  (10) being capable of changing the value in said address limit memory (12) (pg. 1 claim 1 lines 3-6; discloses changing the layer boundary to coincide with the record data boundary (cell boundary) Even though the examiner believes the prior art teaches the

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limitation, this limitation is not positively recited from the usage of "capable of" or "adapted to" therefore the prior art is not required to teach the limitation.)

- 7. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of AAPA and Tsuchiya because Tsuchiya avoids production picture and playback voice to deteriorate during a layer transition (¶0010 & 0011)
- 8. Per claim 2, AAPA discloses: adapted to compare the logical address (LA) of the current block with the value of LAmax in its address limit memory (12) while writing in said first storage layer (L0) and, if the result of this comparison shows that the upper limit LAmax has been reached for said first storage layer (L0), to make a transition [step 153] to the first available block in the next storage layer (L1) (pg. 4 lines 1-3. Even though the examiner believes the prior art teaches the limitation, this limitation is not positively recited from the usage of "capable of" or "adapted to" therefore the prior art is not required to teach the limitation)
- 9. Per claim 3, AAPA discloses: **store a certain value (LAmax) in its address limit memory (12)** (pg. 4 lines 1-3; disk drive has parameter LAmax. Even though the examiner believes the prior art teaches the limitation, this limitation is not positively recited from the usage of "capable of" or "adapted to" therefore the prior art is not required to teach the limitation)
- 10. AAPA does not specifically discloses: write the same value to a predetermined storage location of said storage medium (2)

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11. However, Tsuchiya discloses: write the same value to a predetermined storage location of said storage medium (2) (pg. 1 claim 1 lines 3-6; discloses changing the layer boundary to coincide with the record data boundary(cell boundary))

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- 12. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of AAPA and Tsuchiya for the same reason set forth in the rejection of claim 1.
- 13. Per claim 4, it contains the same limitation as claim 1 and is rejected for the same reason set forth in connection the rejection of claim 1.
- 14. Per claim 5, it contains the same limitation as claim 1 and is rejected for the same reason set forth in connection the rejection of claim 1.
- 15. Per claim 6, AAPA discloses: the host device (20) being adapted to send data to said medium access device (10), the data containing information to be written on said medium (2) and/or containing instructions for said medium access device (10); (pg. 2 lines 4-8. Even though the examiner believes the prior art teaches the limitation, this limitation is not positively recited from the usage of "capable of" or "adapted to" therefore the prior art is not required to teach the limitation.)
- 16. AAPA discloses a host device but does not specifically discloses: the host device (20) being adapted to send a limit fix command to said medium access device (10) for instructing said medium access device (10) to store a host-determined value in its address limit memory (12)
- 17. However, Tsuchiya discloses: the host device (20) being adapted to send a limit fix command to said medium access device (10) for instructing said medium

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access device (10) to store a host-determined value in its address limit memory (12) (¶0052 lines 3-6; record data generating equipment generates a layer boundary and store the layer boundary in the disk drive)

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- 18. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention the teachings of AAPA and Tsuchiya for the same reason set forth in the rejection of claim 1.
- 19. Per claim 7, Tsuchiya discloses: adapted to send a video signal to said medium access device (10), the host device (20) being capable of evaluating the video signal to be written so as to determine where cell boundaries (34) in this video signal are to be expected [step 221], (¶0023; Encoding the video and storing the results in hard disk drive; ¶0025 recording data generation equipment generates units according to the contents of the encoded data stream and the objects of the units are cell boundaries (¶0027) Even though the examiner believes the prior art teaches the limitation, this limitation is not positively recited from the usage of "capable of" or "adapted to" therefore the prior art is not required to teach the limitation.) to calculate a suitable value for said parameter LAmax such that a block (4) for which it holds that LA=LAmax corresponds to a cell boundary, (¶0012 line 3-6; generate LAmax/layer boundary) and to send a limit fix command to said medium access device (10) for instructing said medium access device (10) to store said calculated value into its address limit memory (12) (¶0052 lines 3-6; record data generating equipment generates a layer boundary and stores the layer boundary in the disk drive)

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20. Per claim 8, it contains the same limitation as claim 6 and is rejected for the same reason set forth in connection the rejection of claim 6.

- 21. Per claims 11 and 12, they contains the same limitation as claim 1 and is rejected for the same reason set forth in connection the rejection of claim 1.
- 22. Per claim 13, Tsuchiya discloses: wherein said storage medium is an optical disc, preferably a DVD, more preferably a DVD+R, and wherein said medium access device is a disc drive (¶0014 lines 1-2).
- 23. Per claim 14, it contains the same limitation as claim 6 and is rejected for the same reason set forth in connection the rejection of claim 6.

## Allowable Subject Matter

24. Claims 9, 10, and 15-25 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Remarks

25. Examiner respectfully requests, in response to this Office action, support be shown for language added to any original claims on amendment and any new claims. That is, indicate support for newly added claim language by specifically pointing to page(s) and line number(s) in the specification and/or drawing figure(s). This will assist Examiner in prosecuting the application.

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BABOUCARR FAAL whose telephone number is

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(571)270-5073. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (Off every other

Friday).

273-8300.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Reginald G. Bragdon can be reached on 5712724204. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

bf

/Reginald G. Bragdon/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2189